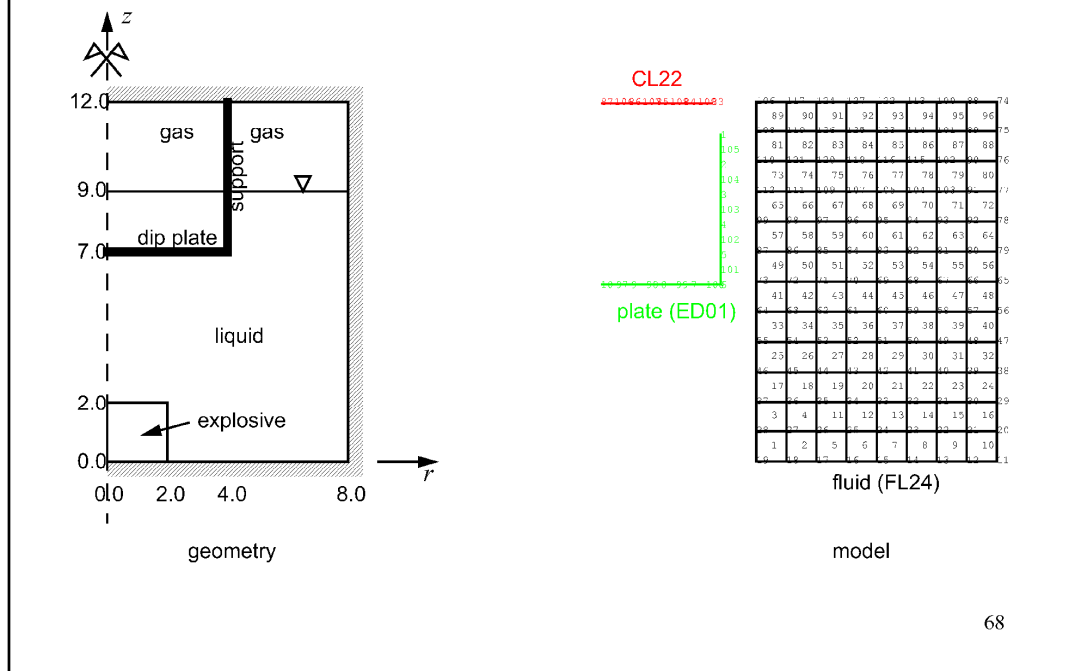


Exercise/Example 11 – Perforated Plate



TITLE:

PPLA04: unsteady flow through a deformable perforated plate.

PROBLEM:

An explosion takes place in a rigid tank containing a deformable perforated plate. The plate is submerged below an initial liquid head and is supported along the circumference by elastoplastic supports. A cover gas is initially located in the upper part of the tank. The calculation is axisymmetric.

MESH:

The fluid is meshed by FL24 elements, the plate and its support by ED01 conical shell elements. Special CL22 boundary condition elements are used to represent the coupling between the fluid and the plate. Note that the fluid may freely flow across the support, since there is no coupling between them.

MATERIALS:

FLUT fluid materials are used for the three fluids involved (explosive, liquid and cover gas). The deformable structures use an elasto-plastic material law. An impedance material (IMPE PPLA) is assigned to the boundary condition elements. This represents the pressure drop across the plate, with a given (constant) resistance coefficient.

BOUNDARY CONDITIONS:

The tank is rigid but the inner structures (plate, support) are deformable. Coupling between the plate and the fluid is realized by CL22 elements.

LOADING:

The event is initiated by the expansion of the high-pressure explosive gas bubble.

CALCULATION:

The calculation is performed up to a final time of 80 ms.

RESULTS:

They are analyzed in the reference cited below.

POST-TREATMENT

An animation is produced.

REFERENCES:

This problem is detailed, and the results are analyzed, in the following reference:

1) F. Casadei: “New Boundary Condition Models for Compressible Fluid Flows in PLEXIS-3C.” Technical Note N. I.94.75, May 1994.

Numerical Solution

PPLA04

The mesh generation file reads:

```
*$siz 50
opti echo 1;
*
opti titr 'PPLA - 04';
opti dime 2 elem qua4;
*
p0=0 0;
p1=2 0;
p2=8 0;
p3=0 7;p3p=p3 plus p0;
p4=4 7;p4p=p4 plus p0;
p5=0 9;
p6=8 9;
p7=0 12;
p8=4 12;
p9=8 12;
p10=0 2;
p11=2 2;
p12=8 2;
*
tol=0.01;
*
c1=p0 d 2 p1;
c2=p1 d 2 p11;
c3=p11 d 2 p10;
c4=p10 d 2 p0;
expl=daller c1 c2 c3 c4 plan;
lag=chan poi1 c2;
lag=lag et (chan poi1 c3);
*
c1=p1 d 6 p2;
c2=p2 d 2 p12;
c3=p12 d 6 p11;
c4=p11 d 2 p1;
liq1=daller c1 c2 c3 c4 plan;
*
c1=p10 d 8 p12;
c2=p12 d 7 p6;
c3=p6 d 8 p5;

c4=p5 d 7 p10;
liq2=daller c1 c2 c3 c4 plan;
lag=lag et (chan poi1 c3);
*
c1=p5 d 8 p6;
c2=p6 d 3 p9;
c3=p9 d 8 p7;
c4=p7 d 3 p5;
gas=daller c1 c2 c3 c4 plan;
*
liqu=liq1 et liq2;
flui=expl et liqu et gas;
*
clim=p3 d 4 p4;
*
elim tol (flui et clim);
*
plat=p3p d 4 p4p;
supp=p4p d 5 p8;
stru=plat et supp;
lag=lag et (chan poi1 stru);
lag=lag et p0 et p2 et p7 et p9;
*
mesh=flui et clim et stru;
*
block=mesh poin droi p0 p7 tol;
block=block et (mesh poin droi p2 p9 tol);
block=mesh poin droi p0 p2 tol;
block=block et (mesh poin droi p7 p9 tol);
block=p3p et p8;
*
mesh=mesh et block et block et block et lag;
tass mesh;
*
opti sauv form 'ppla04.mesh';
sauv form mesh;
opti trac ps ftra 'ppla04_mesh.ps';
trac qual mesh;
fin;
```

The EUROPLEXUS input file reads:

```
PPLA - 04
$
ECHO
*CONV win
AXIS NONL ALE
CAST MESH
$
DIME
PT2L 117 FT3L 10 FL24 96 ED01 9 CL22 4 ZONE 3
NALE 5 BLOQ 48
mepo 2 mte1 2
TERM
$
GEOM FL24 FLUI ED01 STRU CL22 CLIM TERM
$
COMPL
EPAI 0.05 LECT PLAT TERM
0.10 LECT SUPP TERM
$
GRIL LAGR LECT LAG TERM
ALE LECT FLUI TERM
AUTO AUTR
$
MATE VM23 RO 7800. YOUNG 1.6E11 NU 0.333 ELAS 1.05E8
TRAC 2 1.05E8 .656256E-3 1.6105E10 1.00066
LECT STRU TERM
FLUT RO 832. EINT 98.68 GAMM 7.15D0 CL 0.5
CQ 2.56 PB 2.71E5 PMIN 0. AHGF 0. ITER 2
ALFO 1. BETO 1. KINT 0 NUM 5
LECT LIQU TERM
FLUT RO 2.4278E3 EINT 0. GAMM 0.75D0 CL 0.5
CQ 2.56 PB 0. PMIN 0. AHGF 0. ITER 2

ALFO 1. BETO 1. KINT 0 NUM 4
LECT EXPL TERM
FLUT RO .242777373 EINT 6.865E5 GAMM 1.6 CL 0.5
CQ 2.56 PB 0. PMIN 0. AHGF 0. ITER 2
ALFO 1. BETO 1. KINT 0 NUM 1
LECT GAS TERM
IMPE PPLT ZETA 10.0
LECT CLIM TERM
$
LIAI freq 1
BLOQ 1 LECT BLOCK TERM
BLOQ 2 LECT BLOCY TERM
BLOQ 3 LECT BLOCR TERM
$
ECRI VITE ECRO TFRE 40.E-3
FICH K200 TFRE 10.E-3
POIN TOUS CHAM
TRAC TPLO DESC 'PPLA04' TFRE 10.5E-6
POIN LECT 9 118 TERM
ELEM LECT 1 106 TERM
fich alic temp FBEO 1
poin lect 9 118 term
elem lect 1 106 term
fich alic tfre 1.e-3
$
OPTI NOTEST
log 1
$
CALCUL TINI 0. TEND 80.E-3
*
SUIT
Post-treatment
```

```

ECHO
*
RESU ALIC TEMP GARD PSOR
*
SORT GRAP
*
AXTE 1000.0 'Time [ms]'
*
COUR 1 'dx_9' DEPL COMP 1 NOEU LECT 9 TERM
COUR 2 'dy_9' DEPL COMP 2 NOEU LECT 9 TERM
COUR 3 'dy_118' DEPL COMP 2 NOEU LECT 118 TERM
COUR 4 'p_1' ECRO COMP 1 ELEM LECT 1 TERM
COUR 5 'dp_106' ECRO COMP 1 ELEM LECT 106 TERM
*

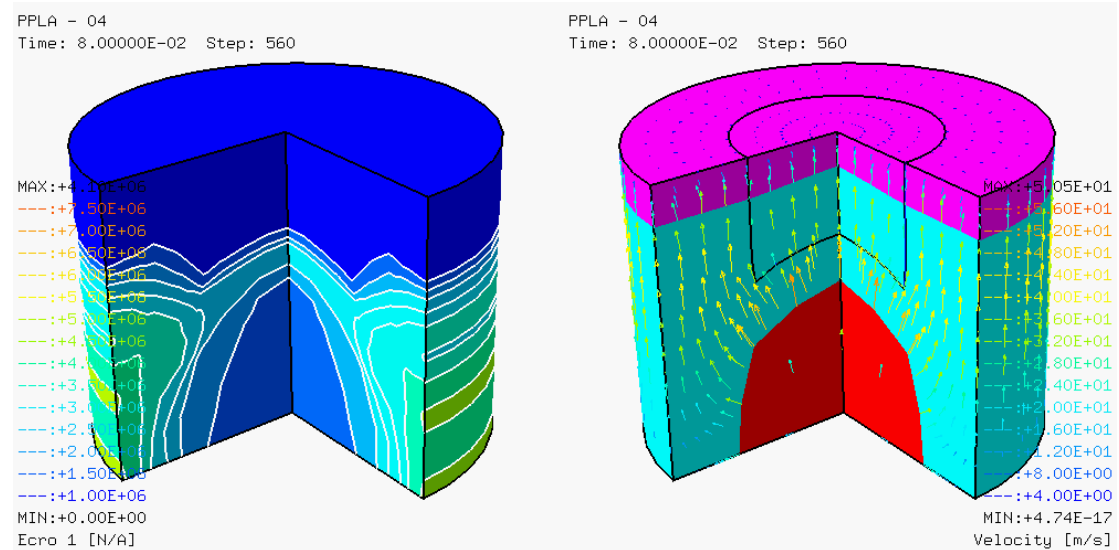
```

```

trac 1 2 3 axes 1.0 'DISPL. [M]'
trac 4 axes 1.0 'P [PA]'
trac 5 axes 1.0 'DELTA P [PA]'
*
QUAL DEPL COMP 1 LECT 9 TERM REFE 2.09508E+0 TOLE 5.E-3
DEPL COMP 2 LECT 9 TERM REFE 2.41317E+0 TOLE 5.E-3
DEPL COMP 2 LECT 118 TERM REFE 8.67547E-1 TOLE 5.E-3
ECRO COMP 1 LECT 1 TERM REFE 1.17908E+6 TOLE 5.E-3
ECRO COMP 1 LECT 106 TERM REFE 2.85752E+6 TOLE 5.E-3
*
FIN

```

Some results: final fluid pressure and velocity:



Final structure velocities:

