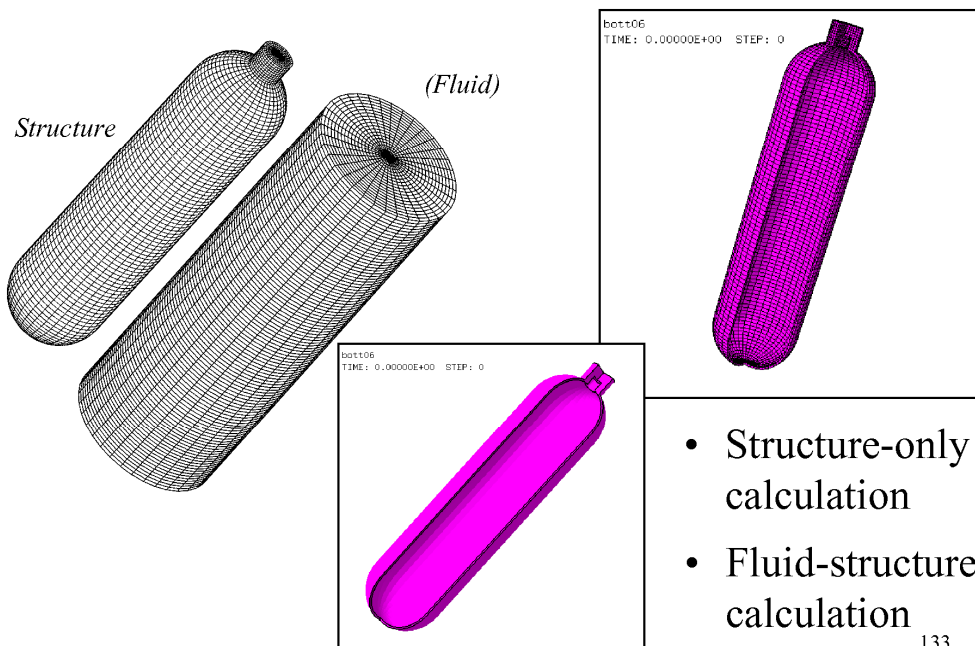


Exercise 16 – Explosion of an air bottle



PROBLEM:

A metal bottle filled by pressurized air explodes. The bottle is axisymmetric but a full 3D model is used to simulate the fragmentation. Two simulations are performed. In the first one only the structure is modelled and the inner pressure is applied by an IMPE PIMP boundary condition by means of CL3d and CL3T elements. In the second simulation, the inner and outer air are modelled by means of FL38 and FL36 fluid elements and the fluid-structure interaction is modelled by the FLSR directive. In both calculations the fragmentation process is treated by means of DEBR particles.

MESH:

The bottle is meshed by CUB8 and PR6 solid elements. The fluid, when present, is modelled by means of FL38 and FL36 fluid elements.

GEOMETRIC COMPLEMENTS

Debris elements (DEBR) are associated with the whole bottle. By using PLEV 0, just one spherical particle replaces each failing element.

MATERIALS:

The metallic bottle uses a linear elastoplastic material (VM23) with an associated failure criterion (FAIL PEPS). For the fluid, the FLUT material is used. In the calculation with fluid, absorbing boundary conditions are applied on the external surface of the fluid domain by means of an IMPE ABSI material

BOUNDARY CONDITIONS:

The bottle is free in 3D space. Fluid-structure interaction in the second simulation uses the FLSR model.

LOADING:

In the first simulation an internal pressure raising in time is applied. In the second simulation, the loading is produced by the high initial pressure of the internal air.

CALCULATIONS:

Calculations are performed until a physical time of 0.35 ms, when the bottle is completely failed.

RESULTS:

The bottle fragments as expected. Some macro fragments survive until the end of the simulation, together with a cloud of DEBR particles.

POST-TREATMENT

Animations are produced.

Numerical Solutions

BOTT02

This is the first simulation, including only the structure. The Cast3m mesh generation file reads:

```
opti echo 0;
opti donn 'pxordpoi.proc';
opti donn 'pxvolu3d.proc';
opti donn 'pxrota3d.proc';
opti echo 1;
opti dime 3 elem cub8;
opti titr 'bott02';
opti trac pec ftra 'bott02_mesh.ps';
opti sauv form 'bott02.msh';
oelly = 0 -100000 0;
*
l = 0.6;
ri = 0.1;
h = 0.005;
re = ri + h;
*
p0 = 0 0 0;
p1 = 0 0 1;
p2 = 0 0 (0 - ri);
p3 = ri 0 0;
p4 = ri 0 1;
p8 = 0 0 (0 - ri - h);
p9 = (ri + h) 0 0;
p10 = (ri + h) 0 1;
ply = p1 plus (0 -1 0);
p11 = p10 TOUR 70.0 p1 ply;
p14 = p4 TOUR 70.0 p1 ply;
x11 y11 z11 = coor p11;
x14 y14 z14 = coor p14;
p12 = x11 0 0.75;
p13 = 0 0 0.75;
p5 = p4 tour 80.0 p1 ply;
x5 y5 z5 = coor p5;
p15 = x5 0 (x5 + h);
p16 = x5 0 0.75;
p6 = x5 0 0.725;
p7 = 0 0 0.725;
p17 = ri 0 (1+0.5);
tol = 1.E-4;
*
c1 = p2 d 1 p8;
p0y = p0 plus (0 -1 0);
bot1 = c1 ROTA 18 90.0 p0 p0y;
elim tol (bot1 et p3 et p9);
*
c2 = p3 d 1 p9;
bot2 = c2 TRAN 60 (0 0 1);
elim tol (bot2 et p10 et p4 et p17);
*
c3 = p4 d 1 p10;
bot3 = c3 ROTA 15 70.0 p1 ply;
elim tol (bot3 et p11 et p14);
*
c4 = p5 c 3 p1 p14;
c5 = p14 d 1 p11;
c6 = p11 c 3 p1 p15;
c7 = p15 d 1 p5;
bot4 = DALL c4 c5 c6 c7 PLAN;
*
ca = p15 c 3 p1 p11;
cb = p11 d 10 p12;
cc = p12 d 3 p16;
cd = p16 d 5 p6 d 5 p15;
bot5 = DALL ca cb cc cd PLAN;
*
ce = p7 d 3 p6;
cf = p6 d 5 p16;

cy = p16 d 3 p13;
ch = p13 d 5 p7;
bot6 = DALL ce cf cy ch PLAN;
*
bott = bot1 et bot2 et bot3 et bot4 et bot5 et bot6;
elim tol bott;
*
bottla ier sin = pxvolu3d (bot1 et bot2) 9 -90.0 c1 tol;
list ier;
bottlb ier sin = pxvolu3d (bot3 et bot4 et bot5 et bot6) 9 -90.0 ch tol;
list ier;
bottl = bottla et bottlb;
elim tol bottl;
*
bott2 = bottl tour 90.0 p0 p1;
bott3 = bott2 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
bott4 = bott3 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
bottle = bottl et bott2 et bott3 et bott4;
elim tol bottle;
*
trac cach bottle;
*
trac oelly bott;
trac oelly qual bott;
trac qual oelly (bot3 et bot4 et bot5 et bot6);
trac oelly (bot3 et bot4 et bot5 et bot6);
*
bottl8 = bottle elem cub8;
bottl6 = bottle elem pr16;
list (nbno bottle);
list (nbel bottle);
list (nbel bottl8);
list (nbel bottl6);
*
* internal surface (to apply the pressure)
*
icon1 = p2 c 18 p0 p3 d 60 p4;
*icon2 = p4 c 15 p1 p14 c 3 p1 p5 d 1 p15 d 5 p6 d 3 p7;
icon2 = p7 d 3 p6 d 5 p15 d 1 p5 c 3 p1 p14 c 15 p1 p4;
trac (icon1 et icon2);
isurla ier = pxrota3d icon1 9 -90.0 c1 tol;
list ier;
ax = p7 d 1 p13;
isurlb ier = pxrota3d icon2 9 90.0 ax tol;
list ier;
isurl = isurla et isurlb;
isurl2 = isurl tour 90.0 p0 p1;
isurl3 = isurl2 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
isurl4 = isurl3 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
isurf = isurl et isurl2 et isurl3 et isurl4;
elim tol (isurf et bottle);
trac cach isurf;
*
isurf4 = isurf elem qua4;
isurf3 = isurf elem tri3;
list (nbno isurf);
list (nbel isurf);
list (nbel isurf4);
list (nbel isurf3);
e17 = (bottl elem appu larg p17) elem 1;
list e17;
*
mesh = bottle et isurf;
tass mesh;
sauv form mesh;
*
fin;
```

The EUROPLEXUS input file reads:

```
bott02
ECHO
!CONV win
TRID LAGR FAIL 0.0
CAST FORM mesh
DIME
PT3L 13652 CUB8 4860 PR6 216 CL3D 3708 CL3T 72 DEBR 4860 ZONE 5
TERM
GBCM

CUB8 bottl8
PR6 bottl6
CL3D isurf4
CL3T isurf3
TERM
COMP COUL rose LECT bottle TERM
vert LECT isurf TERM
DEBR ROF 1.0
FILL PLEV 0
```

```

MATE VM23 RO 8000. DRAG 1.0 OBJE LECT bott18 TERM
FAIL PEPS LIM1 0.05
TRAC 2 2.E8 0.001 2.02E8 1.001
LECT bottle TERM
IMPE PIMP RO 1.0 PRES 1.0 PREF 0.0 FONC 1
LECT isurif TERM
FONC NUM 1 TABL 2 0.0 2.E7 1.0 2.E10
BCRI DEPL VITE TPRE 1.E-4
FICH SPLI ALIC TPRE 1.E-6
FICH ALIC TEMP TPRE 1.E-6
POIN LECT p2 p3 p17 p4 p7 TERM
ELEM LECT e17 TERM
OPTI NOTE
LOG 1
CALC TIMI 0. TEND 0.35E-3
*****
SUIT
Post-treatment (time curves from alice temps file)

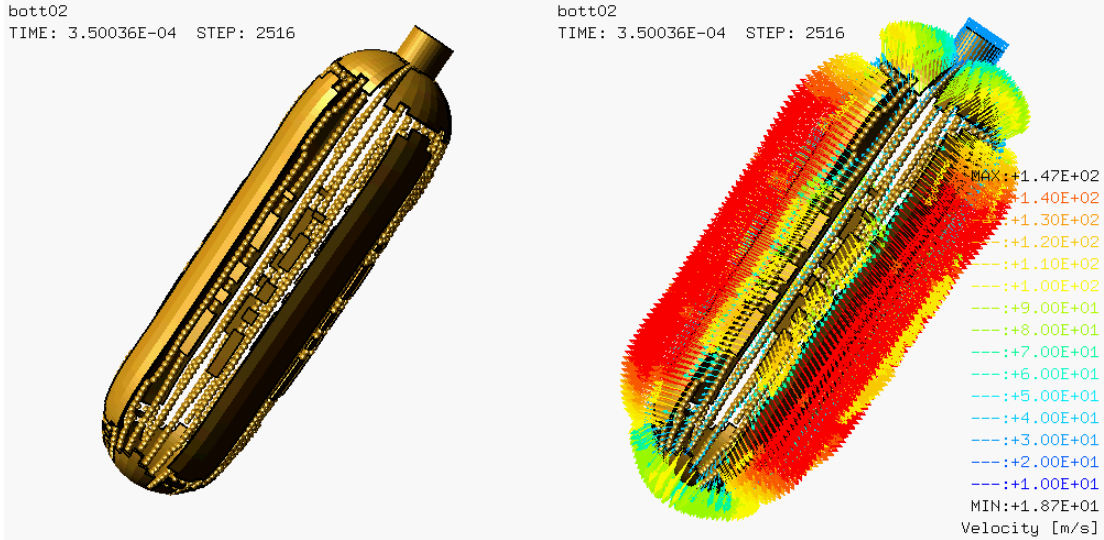
```

```

ECHO
*
RESU ALIC TEMP GARD PSCR
*
SORT GRAP
*
AXTE 1.0 'Time [s]'
*
COUR 1 'dy_p2' DEPL COMP 2 POIN LECT p2 TERM
COUR 2 'dx_p3' DEPL COMP 1 POIN LECT p3 TERM
COUR 3 'dx_p17' DEPL COMP 1 POIN LECT p17 TERM
COUR 4 'dx_p4' DEPL COMP 1 POIN LECT p4 TERM
COUR 5 'dy_p7' DEPL COMP 2 POIN LECT p7 TERM
COUR 6 'vlu_e17' BCRO COMP 2 ELEM LECT e17 TERM
TRAC 1 2 3 4 5 AXES 1.0 'Displ. [m]'
TRAC 6 AXES 1.0 'Von Mises [Pa]'
FIN

```

The fragmentation process and the velocities are shown in the next figures:



BOTT05

This is the second silulation, including both the structure and the fluid. The Cast3m mesh generation file reads:

```

opti echo 0;
opti donn 'pxordpoi.proc';
opti donn 'pxvolu3d.proc';
opti donn 'pxrota3d.proc';
opti echo 1;
opti dime 3 elem cub8;
opti titr 'bott05';
opti trac pac ftra 'bott05.mesh.ps';
opti sauv form 'bott05.msh';
oeill = 100000 100000 100000;
oeilly = 0 -100000 0;
*
l = 0.6;
r1 = 0.1;
h = 0.005;
re = r1 + h;
*
p0 = 0 0 0;
p1 = 0 0 1;
p2 = 0 0 (0 - ri);
p3 = ri 0 0;
p4 = ri 0 1;
p8 = 0 0 (0 - ri - h);
p9 = (ri + h) 0 0;
p10 = (ri + h) 0 1;
ply = p1 plus (0 -1 0);
p11 = p10 TOUR 70.0 pl ply;
p14 = p4 TOUR 70.0 pl ply;
x11 y11 z11 = coor p11;
x14 y14 z14 = coor p14;
p12 = x11 0 0.75;
p13 = 0 0 0.75;
p5 = p4 tour 80.0 pl ply;
x5 y5 z5 = coor p5;
p15 = x5 0 (z5 + h);
p16 = x5 0 0.75;
p6 = x5 0 0.725;
p7 = 0 0 0.725;
p17 = ri 0 (1+0.5);
tol = 1.E-4;
*
c1 = p2 d 1 p8;
p0y = p0 plus (0 -1 0);
bot1 = c1 ROTA 18 90.0 p0 p0y;
elim tol (bot1 et p3 et p9);
*
c2 = p3 d 1 p9;
bot2 = c2 TRAN 60 (0 0 1);
elim tol (bot2 et p10 et p4 et p17);
*
c3 = p4 d 1 p10;
bot3 = c3 ROTA 15 70.0 pl ply;
elim tol (bot3 et p11 et p14);
*
c4 = p5 c 3 pl p14;
c5 = p14 d 1 p11;
c6 = p11 c 3 pl p15;
c7 = p15 d 1 p5;
bot4 = DALL c4 c5 c6 c7 PLAN;
*
ca = p15 c 3 pl p11;
cb = p11 d 10 p12;
cc = p12 d 3 p16;
cd = p16 d 5 p6 d 5 p15;
bot5 = DALL ca cb cc cd PLAN;
*
ce = p7 d 3 p6;
cf = p6 d 5 p16;
cg = p16 d 3 p13;
ch = p13 d 5 p7;
bot6 = DALL ce cf cg ch PLAN;
*
bott = bot1 et bot2 et bot3 et bot4 et bot5 et bot6;
elim tol bott;
*
bottia ier sin = pxvolu3d (bot1 et bot2) 9 -90.0 c1 tol;
list ier;
bottlib ier sin = pxvolu3d (bot3 et bot4 et bot5 et bot6) 9 -90.0 ch tol;
list ier;
bott1 = bottia et bottlib;
elim tol bott1;
*
bott2 = bott1 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
bott3 = bott2 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
bott4 = bott3 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
bottia = bott1 et bott2 et bott3 et bott4;
elim tol bottia;
*
trac cach bottle;
*
trac oeily bott;
trac oeily qual bott;
trac qual oeily (bot3 et bot4 et bot5 et bot6);
trac oeily (bot3 et bot4 et bot5 et bot6);
*
bott18 = bottle elem cub8;
bott16 = bottle elem pri6;
list (nbno bottia);
list (nbel bottia);
list (nbel bott18);
list (nbel bott16);
*
* internal volume (to apply the pressure)
*
p2p = p2 plus p0;
p3p = p3 plus p0;
p4p = p4 plus p0;
p14p = p14 plus p0;
p5p = p5 plus p0;
p15p = p15 plus p0;
p6p = p6 plus p0;
p7p = p7 plus p0;
icon = p2p c 18 p0 p3p d 60 p4p c 15 pl p14p c 3 pl p5p d 1 p15p
d 5 p6p d 3 p7p d 20 pl d 60 p0 d 20 p2p;
isur = SURF icon plan;
trac isur;
*
p18 = 0 0 -0.2;
p19 = 0.2 0 -0.2;
p20 = 0.2 0 0.9;
p21 = 0 0 0.9;
p16p = p16 plus p0;
p13p = p13 plus p0;
p12p = p12 plus p0;
p11p = p11 plus p0;
p10p = p10 plus p0;
p9p = p9 plus p0;
p8p = p8 plus p0;
p22 = 0.2 0 0;
econ1 = p9p c 18 p0 p8p d 10 p18 d 20 p19 d 20 p22 d 10 p9p;
econ2 = p13p d 3 p16p d 3 p12p d 10 p13p c 15 pl p10p d 60 p9p
d 10 p22 d 80 p20 d 20 p21 d 14 p13p;

```

```

esur1 = SURF econ1 plan;
esur2 = SURF econ2 plan;
esur = esur1 et esur2;
elim tol esur;
trac esur;
trac (isur et esur);
*bsur = bott plus p0;
bsur1 = bott1 plus p0;
bsur2 = (bott2 et bott3 et bott4 et bott5 et bott6) plus p0;
bsur = bsur1 et bsur2;
elim tol (isur et bsur et esur);
trac bsur;
trac (isur et esur et bsur);
*
axis = p7p d 20 p1 d 60 p0 d 20 p2p;
elim tol (axis et isur);
ivol1 ier s1n = pxvolu3d isur 9 -90.0 axis tol;
list ier;
trac oeill cach ivol1;
ivol2 = ivol1 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
ivol3 = ivol2 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
ivol4 = ivol3 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
ivol = ivol1 et ivol2 et ivol3 et ivol4;
elim tol ivol;
trac oeill cach ivol;
*
bsur1 = bsur1 et esur1;
axis1 = p2p d 1 p8p d 10 p18;
elim tol (axis1 et bsur1);
bsur2 = bsur2 et esur2;
axis2 = p21 d 14 p13p d 5 p7p;
elim tol (axis2 et bsur2);
bsur = bsur1 et bsur2;
*
bevol1a ier s1n = pxvolu3d bsur1 9 -90.0 axis1 tol;
list ier;

```

```

bevol2a ier s1n = pxvolu3d bsur2 9 -90.0 axis2 tol;
list ier;
bevol1 = bevol1a et bevol2a;
elim tol bevol1;
trac oeill cach bevol1;
bevol2 = bevol1 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
bevol3 = bevol2 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
bevol4 = bevol3 tour 90.0 p0 p1;
bevol = bevol1 et bevol2 et bevol3 et bevol4;
elim tol bevol;
trac oeill cach bevol;
*
flui = ivol et bevol;
elim tol flui;
*
flui8 = flui elem CUB8;
flui6 = flui elem PRI6;
*
eabs = enve flui;
eabs4 = eabs elem QUA4;
eabs3 = eabs elem TRI3;
*
list (nbno flui);
list (nbel flui8);
list (nbel flui6);
list (nbel eabs4);
list (nbel eabs3);
*
el17 = (bott1 elem appu larg p17) elem 1;
list el17;
*
mesh = bottle et flui et eabs;
tass mesh;
sauv form mesh;
*
fin;

```

The EUROPLEXUS input file reads:

```

bott05
ECHO
!CONV win
TRID ALE FAIL 0.0
CAST FORM mesh
DIME
PT3L 112531
CUB8 4860 PR6 216
FL38 92988 FL36 6480
CL3Q 4968
CL3I 72
DEBR 4860
ZONE 7
NALE 1 NBLE 1
TERM
GECM
CUB8 bott18
PR6 bott16
FL38 flui8
FL36 flui6
CL3Q eabs4
CL3I eabs3
TERM
COMP DEBR ROP 1.0
FLUI LECT bevol TERM DGRI DELE 1.5
FILL PLEV 0
RO 8000. DRAG 1.0 OBJE LECT bott18 TERM
GROU 1 'part' LECT 109585 PAS 1 114444 TERM
COUL rose LECT bottle TERM
roug LECT ivol TERM
turq LECT bevol TERM
jaun LECT eabs TERM
GRIL LAGR LECT bottle part TERM
MATE VM23 RO 8000 YOUN 2.E11 NU 0.3 ELAS 2.E8
FAIL PEPS LIM1 0.05
TRAC 2 2.E8 0.001 2.02E8 1.001
LECT bottle TERM
FLUT RO 1.0 EINT 2.5E5 GAMM 1.4 PB 0
ITER 1 ALFO 1 BETO 1 KINT 0 AHGF 0 CL 0.5
CQ 2.56 PMIN 0 NUM 1 PREF 1.E5

```

```

LECT bevol TERM
FLUT RO 100.0 EINT 5.0E5 GAMM 1.4 PB 0
ITER 1 ALFO 1 BETO 1 KINT 0 AHGF 0 CL 0.5
CQ 2.56 PMIN 0 NUM 1 PREF 1.E5
LECT ivol TERM
IMPE ABSI LECT eabs TERM
LINK COUP FL38 STRU LECT bottle TERM
FLUI LECT flui TERM
PHIS 0.3D0
PHIF 0.2D0
HGRI 0.01D0
ECRI DEPL VITE TFRE 1.E-4
FICH SPLI ALIC TFRE 1.E-6
FICH ALIC TEMP TFRE 1.E-6
POIN LECT p2 p3 p17 p4 p7 TERM
ELEM LECT el17 TERM
OPTI NOTE LOG 1
CALC TINI 0. TEND 0.35E-3
fin
*****
SUIT
Post-treatment (time curves from alic temps file)
ECHO
*
RESU ALIC TEMP GARD PSCR
*
SORT GRAP
*
AXTE 1.0 'Time [s]'
*
COUR 1 'dy_p2' DEPL COMP 2 POIN LECT p2 TERM
COUR 2 'dx_p3' DEPL COMP 1 POIN LECT p3 TERM
COUR 3 'dx_p17' DEPL COMP 1 POIN LECT p17 TERM
COUR 4 'dx_p4' DEPL COMP 1 POIN LECT p4 TERM
COUR 5 'dy_p7' DEPL COMP 2 POIN LECT p7 TERM
COUR 6 'vm_el17' ECRO COMP 2 ELEM LECT el17 TERM
TRAC 1 2 3 4 5 AXES 1.0 'Displ. [m]'
TRAC 6 AXES 1.0 'Von Mises [Pa]'
FIN

```

The fragmentation process and the velocities are shown in the next figures:

